

# fetische

2020

Natural sparkling wine made by the traditional method. A seductive wine, very elegant and surprisingly fine.

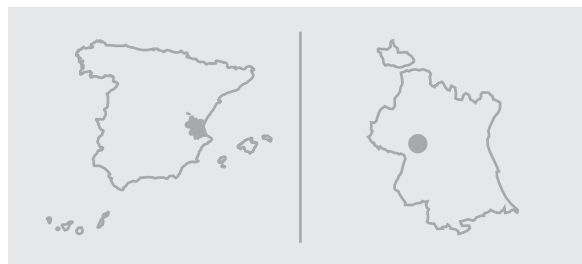


## THE VINEYARD

**LOCATION:** Los Pedrones-Requena (Valencia).  
**SOIL TYPE:** Limestone.  
**CROP TYPE:** Organic growing.  
**AGE OF THE VINEYARD:** > 60 years old.  
**PLANTING DENSITY:** 1500 vines / ha.  
**YIELS:** 18 hl / ha.  
**ALTITUDE:** From 700 to 730 msnm.  
**TRAINING SYSTEM:** Trellis and traditional gobelet.  
**HARVEST TIME:** October.  
**RAINFALL:** 470 L.

## IN THE CELLAR

**WINE MAKING:** Grape selection in the field and in the Winery. Destemming and soft press.  
Indigenous yeasts ( no oenological product is used, wit out Sulphur added).  
Bottling during the first fermentation.  
Filled with the same wine.  
**BLEND:** 100% Royal.  
**AGEING WHIT LEES:** 15 months.  
**DATE OF THE FIRST BOTTLING:** October 2020.  
**PRODUCTION:** 800 bottles 0,75L.  
**ANALYTICS:** Alcohol: 12% vol / pH: 3,4 / acidity total: 4 g/hL.  
**APPELLATION OF ORIGIN:** No.



## LOCATION. VILLAGE OF LOS PEDRONES (REQUENA)

Los Pedrones, the place where I was born and grew up, is today the epicentre of our project, the place where our small winery is located and where we cultivate the largest area of vineyards, around 18 ha.

This village is located in the S.E. area of the Utiel-Requena. It is the border of this region with Cofrentes to the south, and Cortes de Pallas to the east. In addition, it is a natural border for different reasons: the Cabriel river, its confluence with the Jucar river, as well as the forest that occupies most of the territory. This factor allows warmer summers than in the rest of the region, and is a determining factor in the smallholder structure of the crops.

We have a Mediterranean climate, with an important continental influence. The annual rains usually oscillate between 300 and 450mm. The cultivation of the vines is situated around 700 meters above sea level. The traditional varieties are Bobal, Garnacha and Royal, on soils of sedimentary origin formed during the tertiary and quaternary periods, composed mainly of lacustrine miocene limestones, sands and loams on the hills, and grey clays and gypsum in the valleys.